

Extractive Industry
Environmental Effects Report
Guidelines
Tasmanian Advanced Minerals
South Blackwater Mine,
off Blackwater Road, near
Trowutta

August 2021



ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AUTHORITY

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Instructions

Purpose of the Guidelines

These guidelines are to assist in preparing an Environmental Effects Report (EER) for an application or proposal referred to the Board of the Environment Protection Authority (the Board).

An EER provides information about the environmental impacts of the proposed activity and is used by the Board under the *Environmental Management and Pollution Control Act 1994* (the EMPC Act).

Where the proposal is subject to a permit under the *Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993* (LUPA Act), information required solely for the purpose of assessment under the relevant Planning Scheme should be supplied to Council either:

- as a separate response to an additional information request from Council under section 54 of the LUPA Act, where the planning application has commenced the environmental assessment process; or
- where it forms part of a combined planning and environmental effects report, distinguished from information supplied for the purpose of the Board's assessment.

Preparing an EER

The EER should be prepared using these guidelines. It should contain five parts as follows:

- Part A – information about the proponent
- Part B – information on the proposal, site and area
- Part C – information on potential environmental impacts
- Part D – description of proposed management measures
- Part E – information about any public consultation undertaken

Any other relevant information may be attached to the EER to support the application. The EER and attachments must be typed, A4 sized and submitted electronically in a searchable format.

All images in the EER must be of high quality, with text readily readable. For ease of comparison all maps, plans, and aerial photographs must be oriented in the same direction as far as practicable, and a north direction arrow and scale included. Images must be capable of being readily copied and pasted into other documents such as a permit (e.g. all objects in images should be 'grouped').

Finally, the level of detail provided in the EER on each issue should be appropriate to the level of significance of that environmental issue to the proposal.

The issuing of the guidelines does not mean that other matters that may emerge as significant from environmental studies, public comments or otherwise during the preparation of the EER, should be excluded.

After the public consultation phase, additional information may be required in response to public and government agency submissions. This generally takes the form of a supplement to the EER.

Submission

The EER may be mailed, faxed, emailed or file shared to:

Chairperson
Board of the Environment Protection Authority
GPO Box 1550
Hobart TAS 7001

Email: assessments@epa.tas.gov.au

Commonwealth legislation

In addition to State Government requirements, the Commonwealth Government may also have a role in the environmental assessment and approval of the proposed activity. Commonwealth approval is required for an action which is likely to have a significant impact on a matter of national environmental significance or on Commonwealth land.

Information on the Commonwealth environmental legislation can be obtained on the internet at www.environment.gov.au/epbc/ or by calling 1800 803 772.

The EER should include a statement on whether or not Commonwealth approval is likely to be required.

EPA Tasmania Contact

For information about preparing an EER, the assessment and approvals process for level 2 activities and 'called-in' activities¹, and for general advice about air, water and noise pollution and land contamination:

EPA Tasmania
Telephone: (03) 6165 4599
Email: enquiries@epa.tas.gov.au
Website: www.epa.tas.gov.au

See Appendix A for other agency contacts which may be needed to address separate legislative requirements.

¹ 'called-in' activities means level 1 activities referred to the Board under Section 24 of EMPC Act or activities other than level 1 or level 2 referred to the Board under Section 27 of EMPC Act.

Content of EER

Part A – Proponent information

Complete the following table.

Name of proponent (entity and trading name)	The entity name must be consistent with any intended or current permit application for the activity under the LUPA Act.
Registered address of proponent	
Postal address of proponent	
ABN	
ACN	
Contact person's details	Name Telephone number Email address
Consultant engaged to prepare EER	Name Telephone number Email address

If a different entity will operate the activity, provide similar details for that entity also.

Part B – Proposal description

Where the proposal is to be subject to a permit application under the LUPA Act, the proposal description and specification of the site must be consistent with the intended or current permit application. Any works or activity that are for the purpose of the proposal (e.g. access works, gravel quarry) must also be included.

I Overview of activity and site

Complete the following table. Provide text below the table if there is insufficient space.

Proposed Activity

New activity or intensification of existing activity	State if it is an intensification of an existing activity or new activity, and provide written advice from Council as to whether a Planning Permit is required under the LUPA Act, if a planning application has not already been lodged.
Material to be extracted	Describe the product and forecast life of the activity, including the total quantity of resource in each of the deposits.
Maximum extraction quantity	State the requested quantity in cubic metres and tonnes per year (briefly describe any seasonal variation).
Maximum processing quantity	State the requested processing (i.e. crushing, grinding, screening) quantity in cubic metres and tonnes per year. State the loose bulk density. State the current processing limits in place at the existing Blackwater activity.
Material extraction and processing	State the method(s) of material extraction and processing. Provide a diagram or flowchart below if necessary.
Transport	Describe the proposed transport routes (can refer to Location Map, see below), vehicle types, number of vehicle movements (per day), and time of day of vehicle movements.
Stockpiling	State the materials that will be stockpiled on site.

Area of disturbance	State: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The maximum area of the site proposed to be disturbed (un-rehabilitated) at any given time (in hectares). • The total area of land to be cleared over the life of the proposal (in hectares).
Major equipment	List all existing and proposed plant and machinery (distinguish between existing and proposed).
Infrastructure	List the existing and proposed buildings, structures, access roads, internal haul roads etc (can refer to the Site Plan, see below) (distinguish between existing and proposed).
Proposal timeline	State the key proposal timeline(s) (construction, commissioning and anticipated activity lifetime).
Operating hours	State the proposed operating hours/days. State transport hours separately, if different.

Location and planning context

Location	State the address of the site, and CTs and PIDs (as applicable) for all titles on which the activity will take place.
Land zoning and tenure	Describe the land zoning and tenure of the site and surrounds. If rezoning of the site is required, provide details.
Use Class and Permissibility	Provide the Use Class of the proposed activity and Permissibility of the activity with reference to the relevant Planning Scheme.
Mining lease (ML)	Provide the ML reference number(s) and status (granted/applied for).
Lease area	State the size of the lease area in hectares.

Rationale for proposal and alternatives

Rationale	Describe the rationale for the proposal.
Alternatives	Describe the site selection process, and justification for selecting the proposed sites. Describe any alternative options that were considered, including benefits and disadvantages in comparison to this proposal.

Description of existing site and surrounds

Land Use	Describe the land use of the site and surrounds, distance to the nearest residences in other ownership, and any nearby conservation reserves or recreation areas.
Topography	Describe the topography of the site and surrounds.
Climate	State the annual rainfall, average temperatures and predominant wind direction.
Geology	Describe the geology of the site, including the likelihood that potentially acid forming (PAF) material will be found on site. Describe any geoconservation values on or near the site, e.g. karst.
Soils	Describe the soils present on the site, including erodibility and dispersibility, and the potential to encounter acid sulphate soils and/or contaminated soil from past activities (as relevant).
Hydrology	Describe the waterbodies and aquatic values on site and in the surrounding area. State the distance from the activity to the nearest waterbody.
Natural Values	List the threatened fauna, flora and vegetation communities, including potential habitat for any such species, that are known to occur on or near the site (use the Natural Values Atlas, TASVEG 4.0 ² or results of any relevant survey). State the vegetation types on and near the site.

² Both can be accessed at: <https://www.naturalvaluesatlas.tas.gov.au/>

2 Site layout and development

Describe the site layout and planned development (staging) of the activity, including a description of proposed benching and development of infrastructure (internal road, drainage, sediment ponds, etc). Where necessary, to enhance understanding of the proposal, information should be presented in maps, plans, diagrams and photographs. These must be of high quality and reproducible in monochrome with all text and relevant features clearly visible. Maps and plans should include a north arrow and scale. When spatial information (including maps, plans, grid coordinates and heights) are provided or referred to, the coordinate reference system must be specified.

Please provide:

- **General Location Map** (1:25,000 or other suitable scale), showing the Mining Lease, the nearest residences in other ownership, other sensitive uses and residential zones within 1.5 km of the proposed activity and within the applicable attenuation distance³, and the transport route(s) to and from the activity.
- **Map of ‘the Land’** on which the activity will take place and its boundary; by means of mining lease, land title information, map coordinates or other. Note, ‘the Land’ as defined by this figure must be consistent with the permit application submitted under the LUPA Act (i.e. ‘the Land’ cannot extend beyond the land titles referenced in the permit application). The boundary of ‘the Land’ should also be provided to the Board in a geospatial vector format (shapefile or DXF).
- **Site Plan(s)** showing:
 - boundary of sites, coordinates of site boundaries and limits of disturbance;
 - location of existing and proposed buildings/structures;
 - positions of plant and machinery;
 - locations of product, overburden, soil, and waste stockpiles;
 - progression of proposed extraction;
 - location and orientation of benches at key stages of development;
 - site water management features (drains, settling ponds, bunding etc. (see also Part C Issue 2));
 - vegetation types, clearly marking areas to be cleared, and records of any threatened species/vegetation communities;
 - watercourses on and near the site; and
 - monitoring points (as relevant).

3 Description of existing Blackwater activity

- Since the proposal is associated with an existing activity, provide details of any current regulatory approvals (e.g. permit or environment protection notice) relating to the existing activity.
- Provide a description of how the proposed activity relates to the existing Blackwater activity.
- Provide written advice from Circular Head Council that a development application is, or is not, required for the proposed activity, and also that material extracted at South Blackwater may be processed at the existing Blackwater activity under the existing permit.
- Provide the following in relation to the existing Blackwater activity:
 - a summary of environmental monitoring results (if any);
 - a summary of public complaints regarding the activity (received by the activity operator and by regulatory authorities);
 - details of breaches of conditions of current regulatory approvals (if any); and
 - details of contraventions of environmental law (if any).

³ Refer to relevant planning scheme or State Planning Provisions

Part C – Potential environmental impacts

Where the proposal relates to an existing activity - information from documentation relating to the existing activity (such as previous Environmental Management Plans or survey reports) may be used or referenced in this EER, provided the information is current.

The following is required in the assessment of potential environmental impacts:

1 Air quality

- Describe the likely sources of dust and other air emissions and their potential to create environmental nuisance or harm, taking into consideration:
 - Distance to nearest residences⁴ (refer to the Location Map), prevailing winds and other climatic factors;
 - Nature of the material excavated, method of excavation and processing/handling on site; and
 - Site layout (refer to the Site Plan).
- Describe the measures that will be employed to reduce the potential for environmental nuisance or harm to air quality.

2 Water quality (surface, discharge and groundwater)

- Describe management measures to control surface water and the potential for erosion and sediment loss. Control measures include: minimisation of areas of disturbance; minimisation of stormwater ingress and sediment mobilisation through the use of perimeter drains, cut-off drains and bunding; sediment basins or stilling areas to capture entrained sediment; and swales, rock filters, wetlands or vegetated discharge zones to remove fine suspended sediment.
- Identify the dimensions, capacity and other relevant design features of key stormwater infrastructure such as drains and sediment basins, with reference to design rainfall frequency (average recurrence interval) and intensity. For sediment basins provide the sediment capture particle size, settling volume and surface area calculations and design rationale⁵.
- Key features of the proposed run-off/stormwater management system must be shown on the site plan or other suitable figure.
- Describe the potential impacts to the receiving environment (surface water, groundwater, drinking water, stock water, and irrigation as relevant).

⁴ Refer to the separation distance as defined in section 6.1.2 of the Quarry Code of Practice, 3rd Edition, 2017.

⁵ Suitable design approaches for sediment basins include those detailed in Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control – Appendix B (June 2018 revision), International Erosion Control Association (Australasia) and Managing Urban Stormwater: Soils and Construction - Volume 2e: Mines And Quarries, Department of Environment and Climate Change, NSW Government (2008).

3 Noise emissions

- Describe all noise sources, including the size and power rating for each main piece of equipment (e.g. crusher/screen, loader, excavator, haul truck, etc).
- Discuss the potential for the activity to create a noise nuisance, taking into consideration:
 - Distance to the nearest residences and other noise sensitive premises⁶ (refer to the Location Map);
 - Site layout (refer to the Site Plan); and
 - Topography.
- Describe the potential for transport to and from the site to cause a noise nuisance to residences and other noise-sensitive premises in proximity to The Land, taking into account the type, volume and time of transport.
- Describe any noise attenuation measures that will be implemented.

4 Waste

- Describe the solid and liquid waste that will be produced (e.g. overburden, Potentially Acid Forming material, metal and machinery service wastes, used oils, general refuse, etc), and the proposed methods for reuse, recycling, treatment and disposal.
- Waste management measures must be in accordance with the following hierarchy of waste management, arranged in decreasing order of desirability:
 - avoidance
 - recycling/reclamation
 - re-use
 - treatment to reduce potentially adverse impacts
 - disposal

5 Environmentally hazardous substances

- Provide details of the nature and quantity of environmentally hazardous substances (e.g. fuel, oil, diesel) that will be stored, permanently or temporarily, (e.g. mobile refuelling) and/or handled on site.
- Describe the storage method and location of environmentally hazardous substances, and the proposed management measures to prevent their release and respond to accidental spills (e.g. provision of spill kits).
- Describe all dangerous goods⁷ and controlled wastes⁸ that will be present on the site and discuss how they will be managed.

⁶ 'noise sensitive premise' is defined as: residences and residential zones (whether occupied or not), schools, hospitals, caravan parks and similar land uses involving the presence of individual people for extended periods, except in the course of their employment or for recreation.

⁷ As defined in the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

⁸ Information on controlled waste identification and classification is available at: <https://epa.tas.gov.au/regulation/waste-management/controlled-waste>

6 Natural values

- The site must be surveyed for natural values by a suitably qualified person in accordance with the requirements of the *Guidelines for Natural Values Surveys*⁹. Append the natural values survey report and any records from the Natural Values Atlas and/or TASVEG 4.0 of listed threatened flora/fauna species or threatened vegetation communities on or near the site to the EER.
- The Wedge-tailed Eagle is listed as endangered under the *Threatened Species Protection Act 1995*. (TSPA) and the EPBC Act. A survey should be undertaken by a suitably qualified and experienced person to determine whether nests (or potential habitat) exist within one kilometre of the proposed operational areas. Searches for the presence of nests should be undertaken outside of the breeding season (July to January inclusive).
- If any potential dens sites for the Tasmanian devil (*Sarcophilus harrisii*) are found to exist within the site and are likely to be impacted by the proposal, these should be monitored in accordance with the *Tasmanian Devil Survey Guidelines and Management Advice for Development Proposals* (the Devil Guidelines). Any dens that cannot be avoided will require a permit to take under the *Nature Conservation Act 2002* (NCA)¹⁰.
- The Notice of Intent (NOI) indicates that the proposal will be referred to the Commonwealth under the EPBC Act. State the outcome of the referral.
- Provide details of the vegetation and habitat values to be cleared or disturbed, and the area of vegetation to be affected, in hectares.
- Discuss the potential impacts on fauna, flora, vegetation communities and habitat, with particular reference to threatened species and communities listed under the relevant Schedules of the EPBC Act, and *Tasmanian Nature Conservation Act 2002* and *Threatened Species Protection Act 1995*. Take into account:
 - Clearing or disturbing native vegetation and potential habitat for threatened species;
 - Movement, noise, or lights during sensitive avifauna breeding seasons;
 - Roadkill from vehicles¹¹.
- The *Survey Guidelines and Management Advice for Development Proposals that may impact on the Tasmanian Devil (Sarcophilus harrisii)*¹² should be consulted to determine the need for roadkill management measures. Note that an increase in night-time (defined as one hour before dusk to one hour after dawn) traffic of more than 10% on Blackwater Road would be considered significant regarding likely impacts on the Tasmanian Devil.
- Describe the proposed management measures to mitigate adverse impacts to threatened fauna, flora and vegetation communities where they cannot be avoided.
- Describe any potential impacts to geoconservation sites (e.g. karst systems), aquatic or riparian environments and other natural values, and discuss the proposed management measures to mitigate such impacts.

⁹ Available on the internet at: <https://dpiwwe.tas.gov.au/conservation/development-planning-conservation-assessment/survey-guidelines-for-development-assessments>.

¹⁰ Available at: [Permit to Take Threatened Species \(for Consultants & Development-related Activities\) | Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, Tasmania \(dpiwwe.tas.gov.au\)](https://dpiwwe.tas.gov.au/conservation/development-planning-conservation-assessment/permit-to-take-threatened-species-for-consultants-development-related-activities)

¹¹ Information in relation to roadkill risk for Tasmanian Devils can be found at: [https://dpiwwe.tas.gov.au/Documents/Devil Survey Guidelines and Advice.pdf](https://dpiwwe.tas.gov.au/Documents/Devil_Survey_Guidelines_and_Advice.pdf)

¹² Available at: [https://dpiwwe.tas.gov.au/Documents/Devil Survey Guidelines and Advice.pdf](https://dpiwwe.tas.gov.au/Documents/Devil_Survey_Guidelines_and_Advice.pdf)

- The DPIPWE Conservation Assessments Section has provided the following additional comments:
 - CAS supports the commitment to undertake a pre-clearance survey as outlined in the Den Management Protocol. The protocol states that a pre-clearance survey will be conducted no more than 60 days prior to any vegetation clearing, and that approval to clear in a designated area will be valid for up to 8 weeks. Please note that CAS recommends that pre-clearance den surveys are undertaken no more than one month prior to the commencement of construction in order to minimise the length of time between surveys and potential disturbance.
 - The proposal is within the habitat range for the Tasmanian Masked Owl (*Tyto novaehollandiae* subsp. *castanops*), listed as endangered under the TSPA and vulnerable under the EPBC Act. NBES' view of the core range – and resulting conclusion about the likelihood of occurrence - for this species does not align with the Forest Practices Authority's (FPA) definition. CAS does not support NBES' opinion that the likelihood of Masked owls nesting in the area is low due to the site being far removed from the core range. CAS recommends that native vegetation clearance be minimised to the extent practicable and safe to do so and that large hollow bearing trees be retained with a 150m buffer maintained around them. Where this is not practicable and/or safe to do so further investigations should be undertaken to try and confirm if the tree is a nest tree. The survey report references song meters that “will be collected in September 2021 for analysis to determine if masked owl calls have been recorded”. CAS recommends the proponent provide the results from the analysis but notes that a lack of vocalisation cannot be taken as proof of absence, as Masked Owls can be notoriously silent even when known to be present. Song meters are an optional survey method that should not be used as a standalone method. For all potential nest trees, it is recommended the following actions are undertaken at a minimum:
 - Trees should be checked for any signs of nesting (regurgitated pellets, whitewash, feathers at the base of the tree within the tree's dripline). Lack of these signs does not indicate an absence of nest but the presence of any of these signs can strongly indicate a nest hollow.
 - Trees should be tapped firmly (hammer, heavy stick etc) to see if a bird is flushed from the hollow.
 - Wispy clubsedge (*Isolepis habra*), listed as rare under the TSPA, has the potential to occur in the riparian zones alongside the creeks. The genus *Isolepis* has been identified during the field survey. CAS supports the proponent's suggestion of a 40m buffer around all creeks. However, the NOI states that the development footprint includes stream crossings. It is unclear how many waterways will need to be crossed and if these crossings are existing already and require upgrading. CAS therefore recommends that a targeted survey be undertaken prior to commencement of works if plants of the genus *Isolepis* are identified in the development footprint.
 - The Marrawah Skipper butterfly (*Oreisplanus munionga larana*) is listed as endangered under the TSPA and vulnerable under the EPBCA. This species is associated with tall sedge (*Carex appressa*), which has been identified during the survey in low numbers on the tributaries. The Skipper is known to occur in patches of *C. appressa*, even where the plant grows in low densities. CAS can advise that the proposed development occurs within potential habitat for the Marrawah Skipper and is very close to an area of core habitat (and possibly within core habitat). While much of the *Carex* will be protected by the placement of the proposed 40m buffer, stream crossings have the potential to impact on the Skipper's larval host. CAS recommends that a survey be undertaken by a suitably qualified person for Marrawah Skipper in areas where the development footprint is within its habitat (i.e. *Carex appressa*). If the skipper is found to occur onsite, then these areas should be flagged off and protected from works.

7 Weeds, pests and pathogens

- List the weeds and diseases known to occur, or likely to occur, on or near the site.
- Describe the potential for weeds and diseases to be transported to/from and within the site and discuss the proposed management measures.
- It is recommended to prepare and implement a Weed and Disease Management Plan as part of a management measure to manage weeds and diseases on the site. Further information about preparing a Weed and Disease Management Plan can be found in the DPIPWE (2015) *Weed and Disease Planning and Hygiene Guidelines*¹³.

8 Environmental Impacts of Traffic

- Describe the potential for transport to/from the site to cause a noise nuisance to residences and other noise sensitive premises in proximity to the Land, taking into account the type, volume and time of transport.
- Describe the potential to cause a dust nuisance as a result of transporting material away from the site.

9 Monitoring

- Describe the proposed environmental monitoring and reporting. Show all proposed monitoring points on the Site Plan (see Part B) or other suitable figure.

10 Decommissioning and rehabilitation

- Describe the proposed progressive rehabilitation on site, with reference to the staged development throughout the life of the mine (refer to the Site Plans as relevant), including any proposed seed collection and progressive rehabilitation programme.
- Describe the decommissioning and rehabilitation in the event of cessation of the activity, including final land use.

¹³ Available at: <https://dpiuwe.tas.gov.au/Documents/Weed%20%20Management%20and%20Hygiene%20Guidelines.pdf>

Part D – Summary of proposed management measures

All management measures identified in Part C above must be numbered and summarised in a table (example provided below). They must be written as specific, unambiguous measures for avoiding, minimising and managing the potential environmental impacts identified.

Management measures (example)

No.	Proposed measure	Timeframe
1	A sediment settling pond capable of containing runoff from a 1-in-20 year storm event as described in Part C, paragraph 2.6 [of the EER].	At least 30 days prior to commencement of operations.
2	Develop a solid waste management plan as described in Part C, paragraph 8.4 [of the EER].	Within three months of approval and prior to treatment or removal of any waste.
3	Construct a noise attenuation barrier as described in Part C, paragraph 9.2 [of the EER].	At least 30 days prior to commencement of operations.

Part E – Public and stakeholder consultation

- Describe the consultation with other government agencies, community groups or neighbours that has taken place, or details of any intended consultation that will take place.
- A Guide to Community Engagement is available on the EPA's website at <https://epa.tas.gov.au/assessment/assessment-process/guidance-documents>

Appendix A: Other issues and agency contacts

In addition to a permit under the LUPA Act and the EMPC Act, there may be other legal requirements to allow your proposal to proceed. These may include other permits, licenses or landowner consent. You may also need to contact other Government agencies to obtain information for the purpose of assessment under the LUPA Act or the EMPC Act. The following list identifies some of the key agencies you may need to contact.

Natural values including flora, fauna, and geoconservation values, or permits to deal with threatened species:

Natural and Cultural Heritage Division
Telephone: (03) 6165 4396
Email: conservationassessments@dpipwe.tas.gov.au
Website: www.dpipwe.tas.gov.au

Historic cultural heritage, including State-level site listings, impacts and permits as required under the *Historic Cultural Heritage Act 1995*:

Heritage Tasmania
Telephone: (03) 6165 3700
Email: enquiries@heritage.tas.gov.au
Website: www.heritage.tas.gov.au

Where works are proposed in or in close proximity to a heritage place entered on the Tasmanian Heritage Register or likely to be of heritage significance to the whole of Tasmania, and a permit is required under the *Land Use Planning and Approvals Act 1993*, the proposal will be referred to Heritage Tasmania by the planning authority. There may also be additional sites listed under local planning schemes, impacts on which are assessed by the relevant planning authority.

Aboriginal heritage, including desktop assessment, artefact survey requirements, permits:

Aboriginal Heritage Tasmania
Telephone: (03) 6165 3152
Email: aboriginal@heritage.tas.gov.au
Website: www.aboriginalheritage.tas.gov.au

The proposal will be referred to Aboriginal Heritage Tasmania (AHT) on referral to the Board. If assessments or approvals outside of the Board's responsibilities are required, it is your responsibility as the proponent to engage with AHT to progress them.

Parks and reserves, including where any proposal may impact on land managed by Parks & Wildlife:

Parks and Wildlife Service
Telephone: 1300 827 727
Website: www.parks.tas.gov.au and www.thelist.tas.gov.au

Crown land, including where any proposal may impact on land owned by the Crown:

Property Services
Telephone: (03) 6169 9015
Email: PropertyServices@parks.tas.gov.au
Website: www.parks.tas.gov.au

State roads, including where any proposal requires works on or access from a State-managed road asset:

Department of State Growth
Telephone: (03) 6166 3369
Email: permits@stategrowth.tas.gov.au
Website: www.transport.tas.gov.au

Mining leases:

Mineral Resources Tasmania
Telephone: (03) 6165 4800
Email: info@mrt.tas.gov.au
Website: www.mrt.tas.gov.au

Works impacting natural waterway flow, e.g. dams or fords:

Agriculture and Water Division
Telephone: (03) 6165 3222
Email: Water.Enquiries@dpipwe.tas.gov.au
Website: www.dpipwe.tas.gov.au/water



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